

Juan de Dios Sánchez-Roselly, Global Chief Investment Officer Santander Private Banking

Wealth Talk

# The multiple impacts of the conflict in Ukraine

March 16, 2022

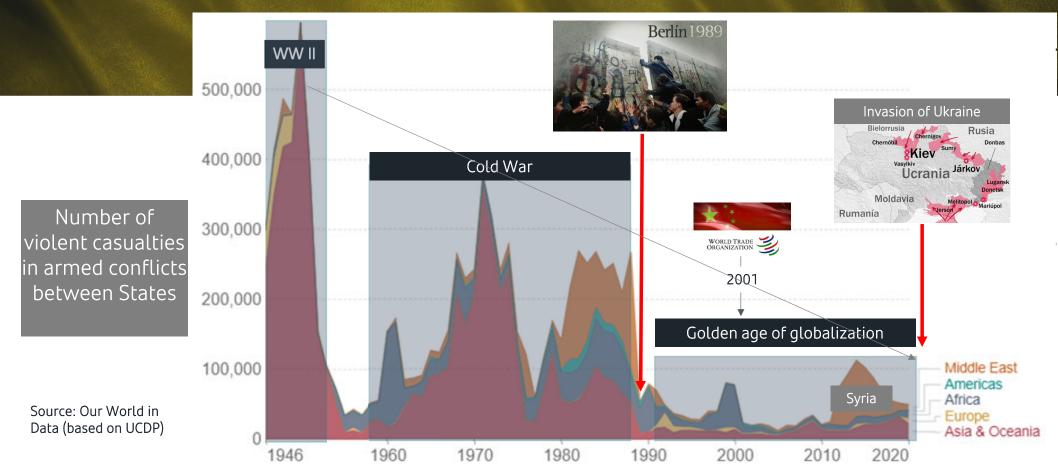
José Mazoy, Global Chief Investment Officer, Santander Asset Management



# Geopolitical Risk



### A historical overview of geopolitical risk events







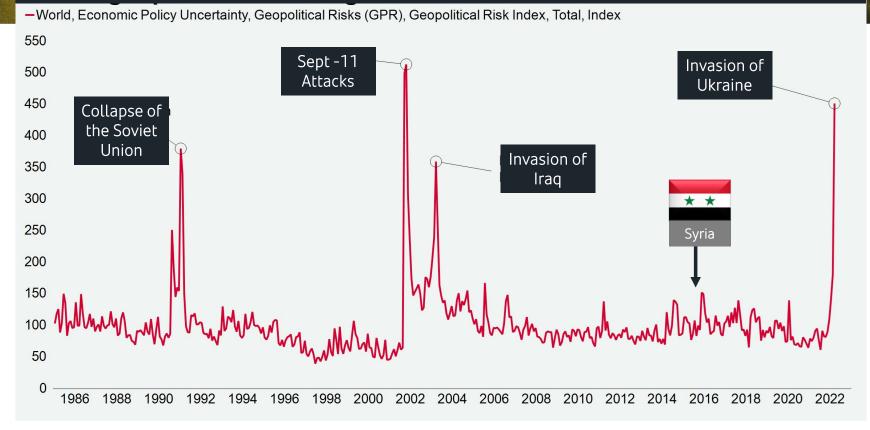
#### Level of geopolitical severity of the conflict in Ukraine

Source: www.iacoviello.com.

#### Extraordinary spike in global geopolitical risk

### Caldara and lacoviello's GPR

index reflects the results of automated text searches in the electronic archives of 10 newspapers: Chicago Tribune, Daily Telegraph, Financial Times, The Globe and Mail, The Guardian, Los Angeles Times, The New York Times, USA Today, The Wall Street Journal and The Washington Post.







### The impact of geopolitical risks on the markets

Source: Own ela	boration			396								786	
	Pearl Harbor	Korean War	Suez Canal crisis	Missile crisis in Cuba	Vietnam War	Oil Embargo	Crisis Iran	War from Gulf	9/11 Attacks	Iraq War	11M Madrid	Syria / N. Korea	Average impact
	1941	1950	1956	1962	1968	1973	1979	1990	2001	2003	2004	2017	

Market impact (S&P500)	Initial drawdown (maximum DD)  Subsequent impact (revaluation 1 year later)	-18%	-8%	-21%	-4%	-7%	-44%	-17%	-14%	-32%	-5%	-8%	-10%	-16%	
		-0%	11%	-10%	30%	10%	-35%	26%	28%	-17%	27%	8%	14%	8%	
	<b>GDP decline</b> (year-on-year change)			-5% Energy Crisis			-6% Energy Crisis			-3% Dot-com crisis					

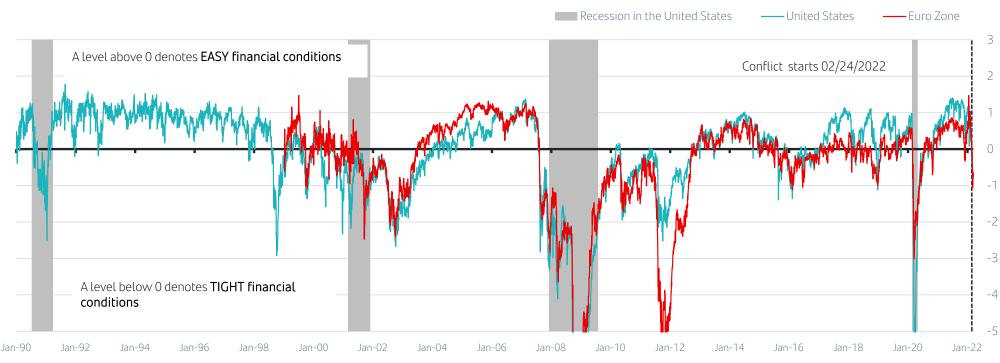




### Variables to watch: volatility and financial conditions

#### Bloomberg Financial Conditions Index

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration. Data as of March 15, 2022





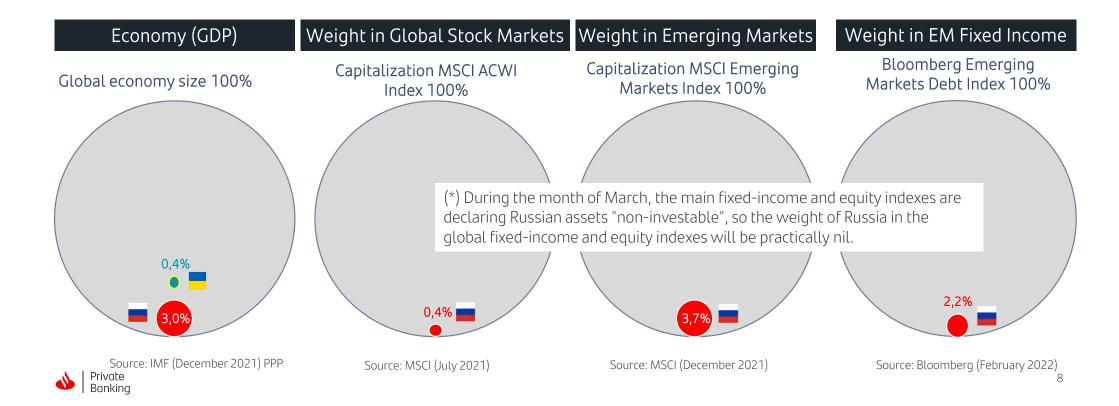


# Energy Risk



### Importance of Russia and Ukraine in economy and markets

Russia and Ukraine have a relatively small weight in the world economy and markets.





#### Russia's impact on international trade

Source: International Monetary Fund (IMF) and own elaboration.

#### Weight of exports to Russia as % of GDP

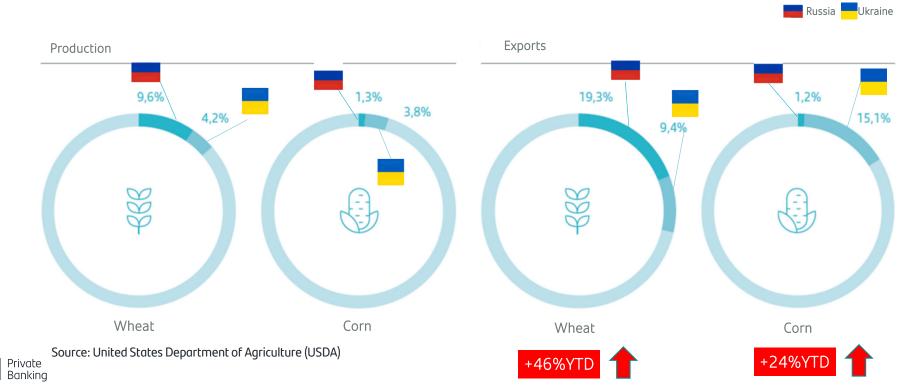






### Importance of Russia and Ukraine in agricultural production

#### Russia and Ukraine are the world's leading grain exporters

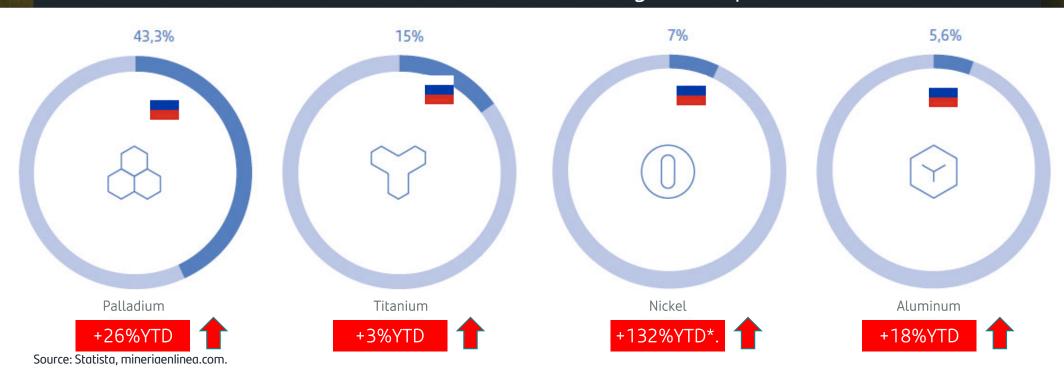


\*YTD: Revaluation for the year-to-date 2022. Source: Bloomberg. Data as of March 15, 2022.



### Importance of Russia in metal production

#### Russia is one of the world's leading metal producers

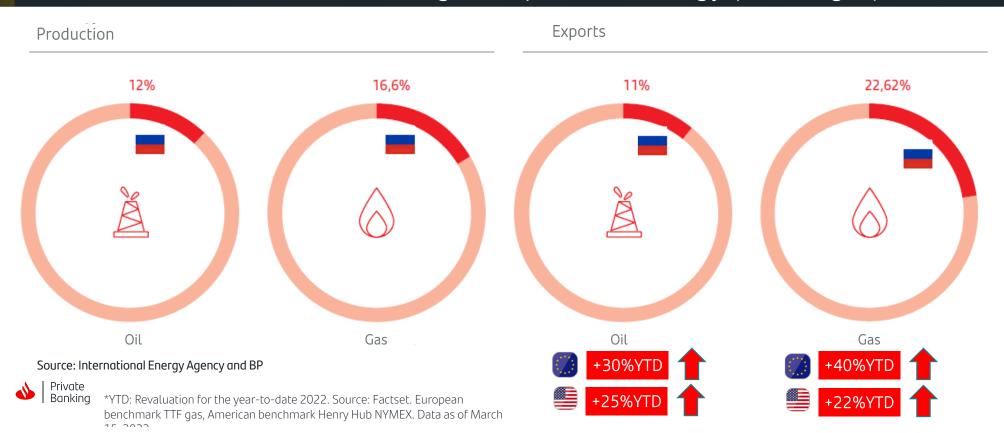






### Importance of Russia in energy production

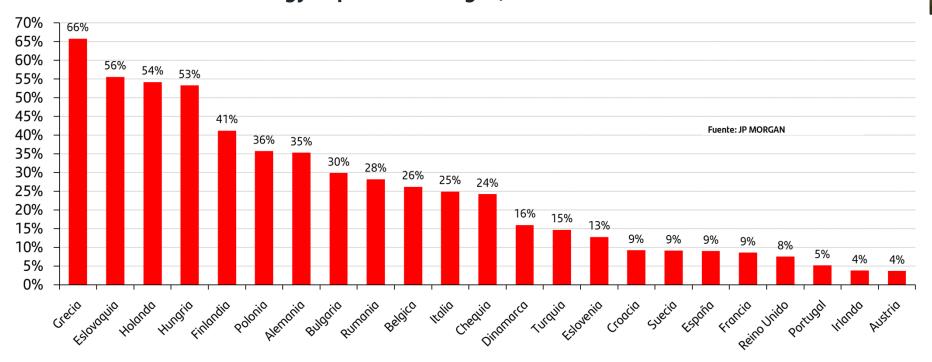
#### Russia is the world's largest exporter of energy (oil and gas).





#### Europe's energy dependence on Russia

#### Energy dependence on gas, coal and oil from Russia







#### Russian oil substitution: options for Europe

Source: Own elaboration Redirection Increase in production Russian oil Russia's oil exports importing countries China stops buying from U.S. to produce OPEC and buys more more (Biden to from Russia and OPEC China, India and other lift shale sells that volume to countries without barriers) restrictions Europe. 2.5 mb/dAgreements with Countries with Iran and trade Venezuela restrictions with 7mb/d Russia 4.5mb Gulf countries increase capacity

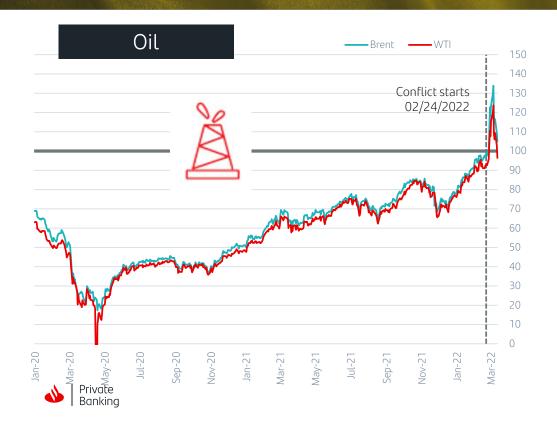


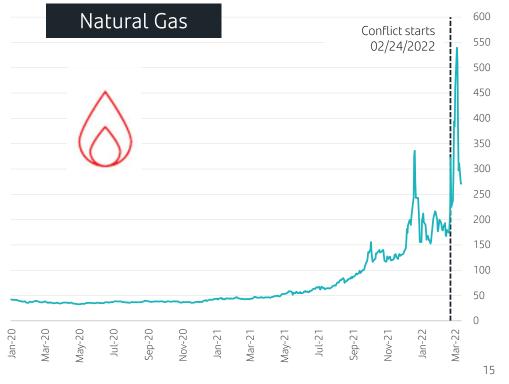


### Variables to watch: gas and oil prices

#### Oil and natural gas prices in dollars

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration. Data as of March 15, 2022



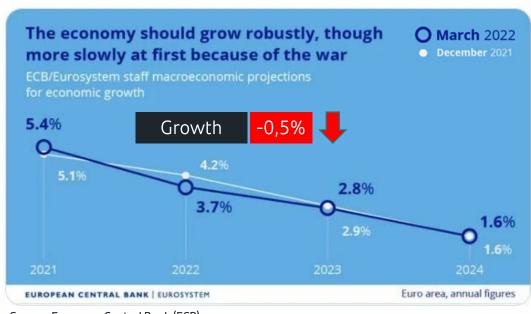


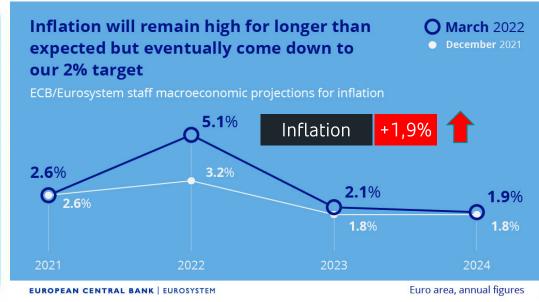


#### Estimated impact on growth and inflation in the Euro Zone



#### Downward revision of growth and upward revision of inflation by ECB





Source: European Central Bank (ECB)





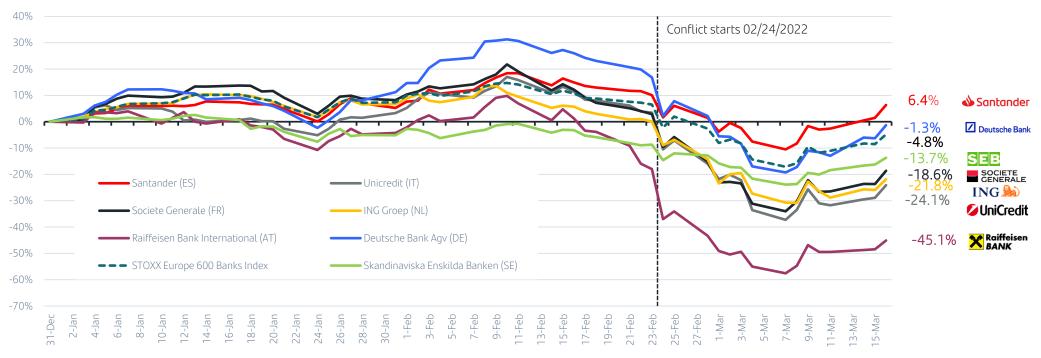
# Financial System



#### Impact of the conflict in Ukraine on European banks

#### Variation (%) European Banks' share prices Year 2022

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration. Data as of March 16, 2022



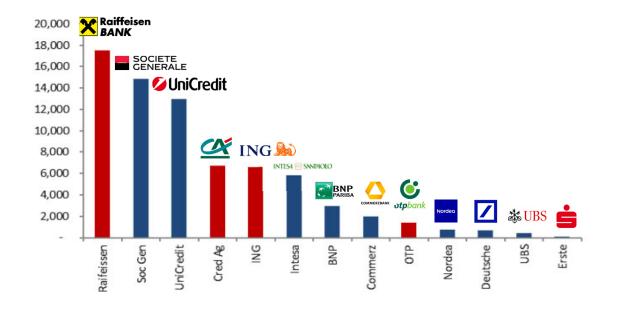




### European banking exposure to Russia and Ukraine

#### Exposure via European bank loans to Russia and Ukraine (Mn€)

Selected banks' loan exposures to Russia and Ukraine (€mns)

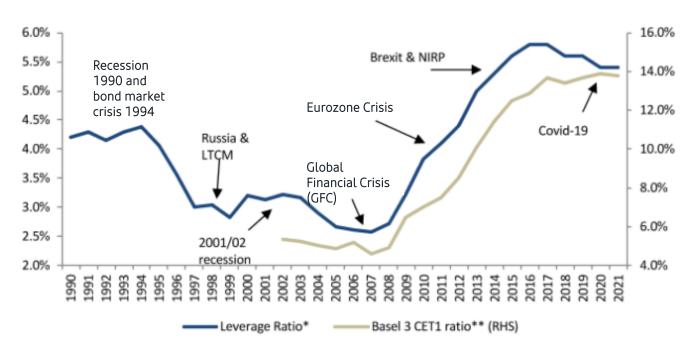






#### The level of capitalization of European banks is very solid

# Current levels of European bank capital strength are much higher than in previous crises.



Higher capital levels of European banks per risk unit

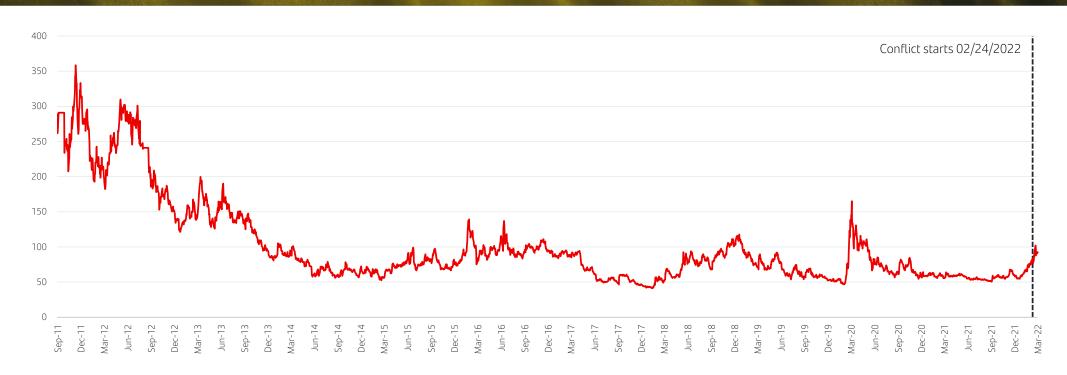




#### Variables to be monitored: Risk premium financial institutions

#### Perception of risk (CDS) of European financial institutions

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration. Data as of March 15, 2022







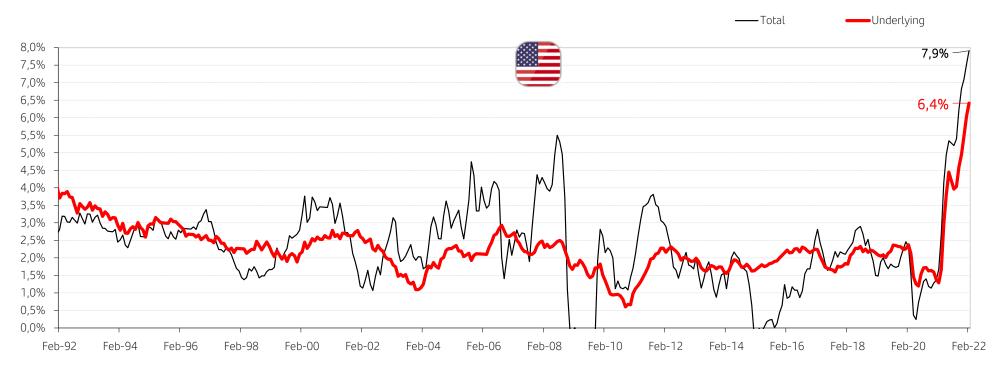
## Inflation Risk



### Higher and more persistent inflation than expected

#### Inflation levels have reached levels not seen since the 1980s.

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration





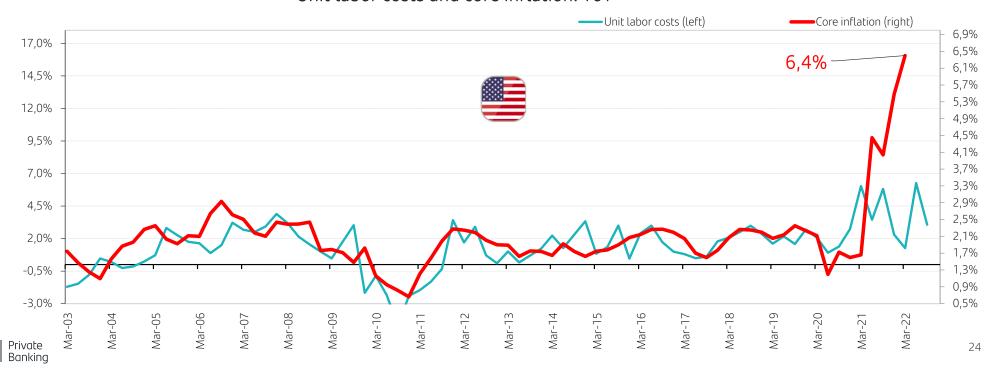


### Higher inflation but no second wave effect

#### Labor costs are not rebounding at the same rate as inflation

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration

#### Unit labor costs and core inflation. YoY

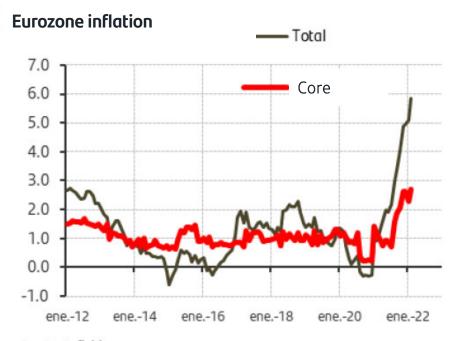


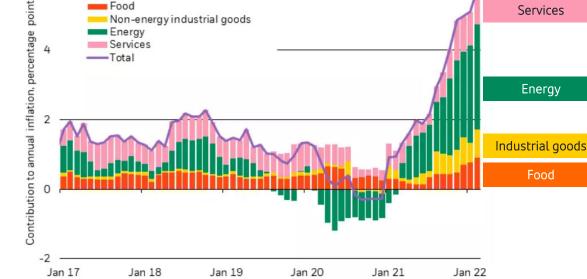


### Higher and more persistent inflation than expected

#### The upturn in inflation in the Eurozone has several fronts

Source: Refinitiv and Blackrock Investment Institute





Breakdown of inflation in the Eurozone by contributors

Fuente: Refinitiv



Source ¥

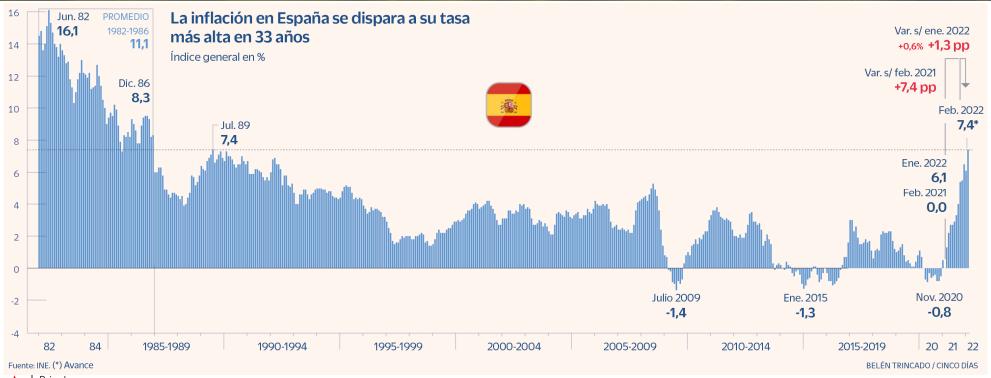
Sources: BlackRock Investment institute, with data from Haver Analytics, March 2022. Notes: the chart shows the contribution of different goods and services to headline inflation in the euro area. The bars denote percentage point contributions to headline inflation.



### Higher and more persistent inflation than expected

#### Inflation levels have reached levels not seen since the 1980s.

Source: National Institute of Statistics and Cinco Días







### Variables to watch: inflation expectations

#### Long-term inflation expectations

Source: (5 years within 5 years) Bloomberg and own elaboration. Data as of March 15, 2022





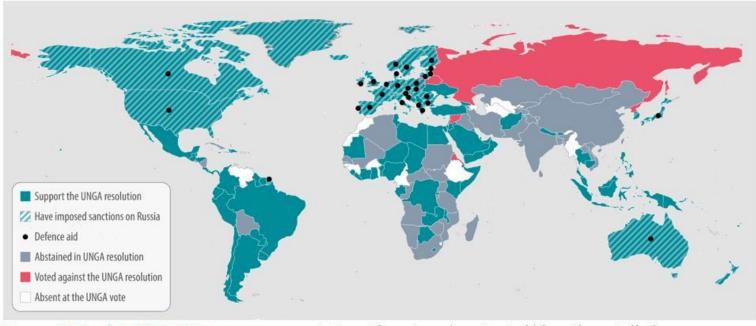


# Fiscal Policy Response



### Europe has been united in the diplomatic response





Data source: <u>UNGA resolution A/RES/ES-11/1 vote summary</u>, government statements for sanctions and commitments of defence aid as reported by the press.

Defence aid includes various items, lethal and non-lethal, such as fuel, helmets and other protective equipment, medical items and medical care for injured Ukrainian soldiers in third countries, as well as lethal weapons, from rifles and ammunition to air defence rockets and anti-tank systems.







### European Union Response - Energy Policy











**Decarbonising Industry** by accelerating the switch to electrification and renewable hydrogen and enhancing our low-carbon manufacturing capabilities.



Speeding up renewables permitting to minimise the time for roll-out of renewable projects and grid infrastructure improvements



Doubling the EU ambition for biomethane to produce 35 bcm per year by 2030, in particular from agricultural waste and residues.

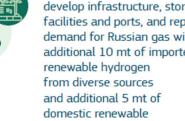


Diversifing gas supplies and working with international partners to move away from Russian gas, and investing in the necessary infrastructure.



A Hydrogen Accelerator to

develop infrastructure, storage facilities and ports, and replace demand for Russian gas with additional 10 mt of imported hydrogen.







Source: https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/fs\_22\_1513



### European Union Response - Defense Spending

## Germany to set up €100bn fund to boost its military strength

Chancellor Olaf Scholz says urgency of Ukraine crisis has forced decision to increase defence spending

Russia-Ukraine war latest news: follow live updates

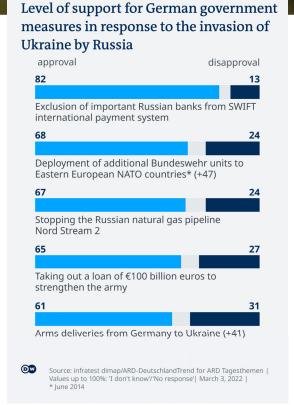


■4 Scholz announces €100bn rise in German defence spending after Russia's Ukraine invasion - video

In a historic announcement to parliament, the German chancellor, <u>Olaf</u>
Scholz, has said a fund of €100bn (£85bn) will be set up immediately to boost the strength of the country's armed forces, as he also announced a sustained increase in defence spending over the coming years.

Source: https://www.theguardian.com/world/2022/feb/27/germany-set-up-fund-boost-military-strength-ukraine-put in a control of the control o

# High support from German citizens for change in defense and energy policy



Source: https://www.dw.com/en/germans-approve-of-government-u-turn-on-ukraine/a-61011528

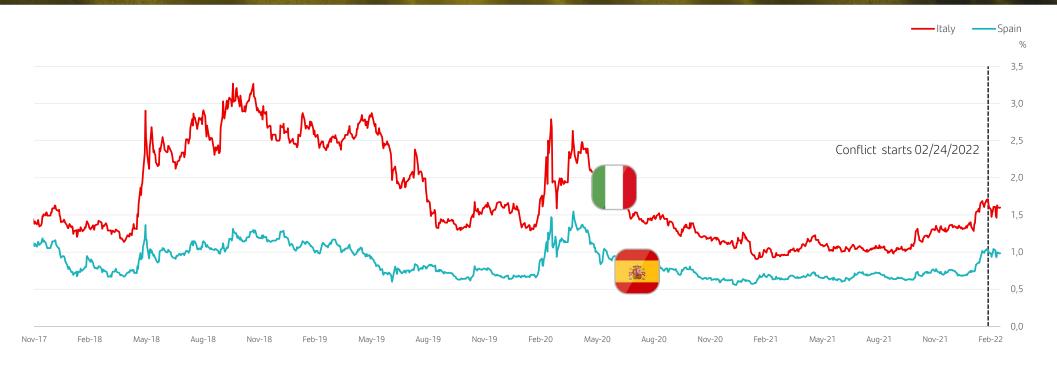




### Variables to watch: risk premium on peripheral bonds

#### Risk premium of government bonds vs. 10-year German bonds

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration. Data as of March 15, 2022





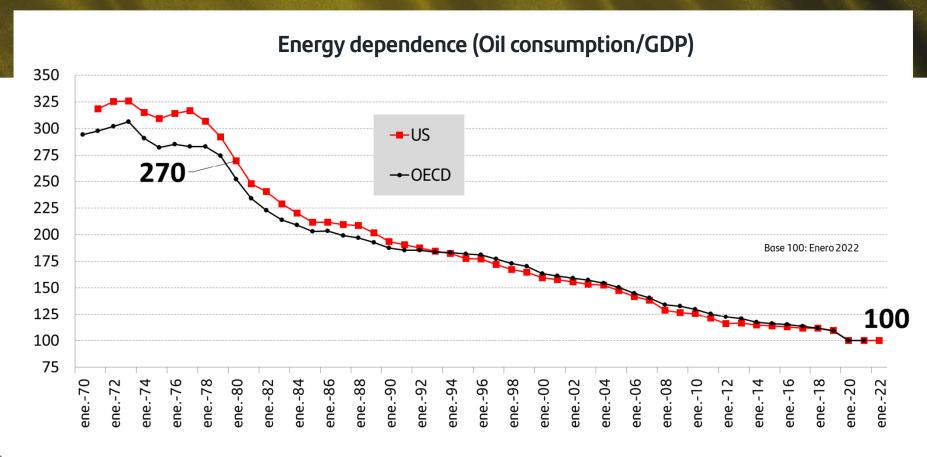


# Monetary Policy Response



#### Differences with respect to the shock of the 1970s

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration



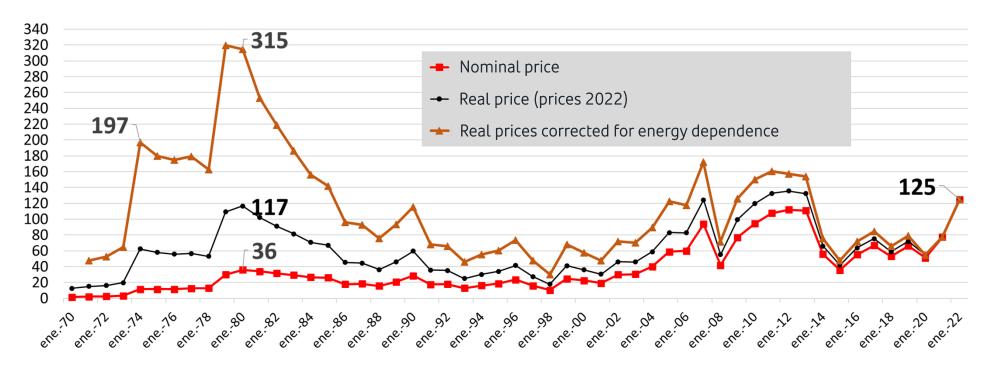




### Comparable crude oil price performance

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration

#### Oil prices in nominal, real and adjusted by energetic dependence



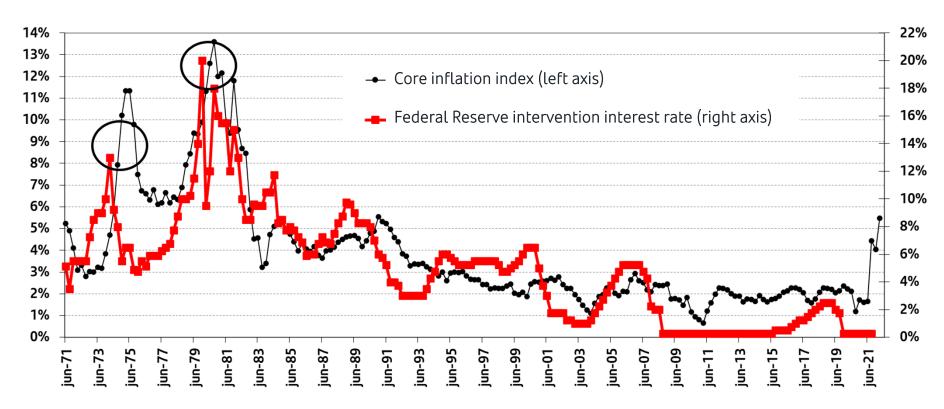




#### Differences with respect to the shock of the 1970s

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration

#### Fed Funds rate and core inflation







### Expectations of rate hikes by the market

#### The market has reacted with volatility but expectations for increases are maintained

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration. Data as of March 15, 2022



0,00

-0,30

-0,40

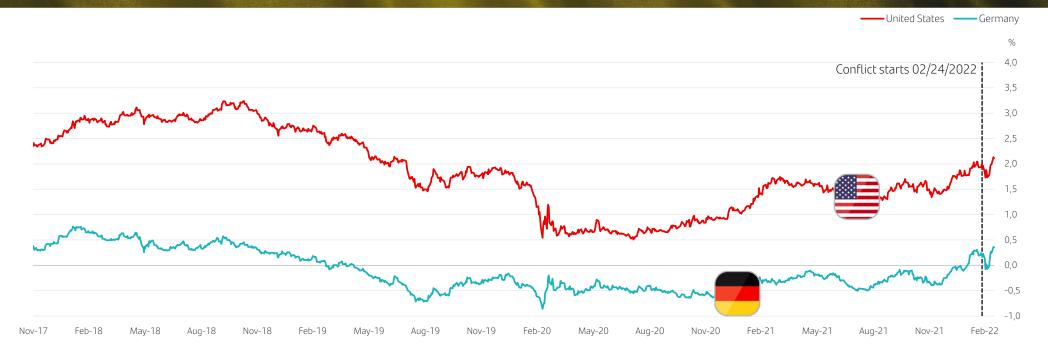
-0,70



### Variables to watch: Long-term interest rates

#### 10-year government bond rates

Source: Bloomberg and own elaboration. Data as of March 15, 2022





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